Redefining decay files

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- what for
- procedure
 - proof
 - algorithm
- script

- Purpose:
 - produce clean MC samples
 - reduced generation time and sample sizes
- How:
 - overwrite relevant particle decays
 - include only decay chains we are interested in for reconstruction
- Why is it incorrect to just remove decay lines
 - relative probability for decay chains becomes inconsistent!
 - need to re-calculate particle branching ratios...

Procedure

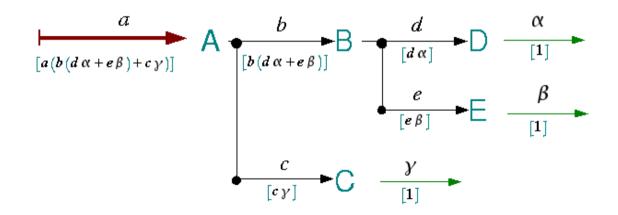
- Select decays
 - from full decay file select relevant decays
- Rename decay particles involved
 - this ensures only the particles involved in the full decay chain are redefined
- Multiply BRs recursively, backwards along the decay chain
 - this ensures chain relative probabities are preserved
- Normalize BR values
 - for each particle, divide the 'updated' BR values of its selected daughters by the respective sum
 - also done automatically by decay package

Proof of algorithm

Compare ratio of probabilities of chains ABD → and AC →

Before:
$$\frac{P(ABD)}{P(AC)} = \frac{ab d\alpha}{ac \gamma}$$

After:
$$\frac{P(ABD)}{P(AC)} = \frac{a'b'd'\alpha'}{a'c'\gamma'} = \frac{b'd'\alpha'}{c'\gamma'} = \frac{\frac{b(d\alpha + e\beta)}{b(d\alpha + e\beta) + c\gamma} * \frac{d\alpha}{d\alpha + e\beta} * \frac{\alpha}{\alpha}}{\frac{c\gamma}{b(d\alpha + e\beta) + c\gamma} * \frac{\gamma}{\gamma}} = \frac{bd\alpha}{c\gamma}$$



Perl implementation

Module examples:

Displaying decay chains

Redefining branching ratios

```
sub redefine dec br{
for ($i=0; $i<=$#decpart_order; $i++) {
   $p=$decpart_order[$i][0];
   $p =$decpart_order[$i][1];
   $dsbr=sum bratio($p);
   for ($j=0; $j<=$#decpart_order; $j++) {
     $part=$decpart_order[$j][0];
     $part_defr="dec_defr$part";
     foreach $n (@$part_defr) {
       my $n1 = n;
       if ( $n1 =~ "CHANNEL") {
         if ( $n1 =~ $p ) {
           my @chn = split(/ +/, $n1);
           my $br old=$chn[2];
           my $br new=$br old*$dsbr;
           n = \sqrt{s}/  old/ new/;
```

```
sub print chain {
my = [0];
my $j = [0];
my pt=[1];
print OFC "\n\n *****\tPrinting $pt decay chains...\n\n" if $i==0;
my $num=$pdaughter{$pt}[0][0]+1;
print OFC "
             $pt\t \n" if $i==0;
for $i0 (1 .. $num) {
  my $j=$i;$j++;
  my $num p0=$pdaughter{$pt}[0][$i0]+1;
  if ( $pt =~ "B0") {$ddau1="$pdaughter{$pt}[$i0][3]";}
  else {$ddau1="$pdaughter{$pt}[$i0][1]";}
  my $numd1=$pdaughter{$ddau1}[0][0]+1;
  if ($i0==1) {
    print OFC "\t"," |\t\t" x $i, "--o--->\t$dau1\n";
   } elsif ($i0<$num) {</pre>
    if ($i==2) { print OFC "\t"," |\t\t" x $i, " |--->\t$dau1\n";}
               { print OFC "\t"," |\t\t" x $i, " |--->\t$dau1\n";}
    else
   } else {
    if ($i==2) {print OFC "\t"," |\t\t" x $i, " |--->\t$dau1\n";}
               {print OFC "\t"," |\t\t" x $i, " |--->\t$dau1\n";}
    else
  print chain ($j,$ddau1) if ($ddau1 !~ 'K\+' && $i<20);
print OFC "\n\n\n" if $i==0;
print OFC "\t |\t\t \n" if i = 1;
print OFC "\t |\t\t |\n" if i = 2;
```